

MAILS.
From San Francisco:
Lurline, Jan. 12.
For San Francisco:
Korea, Jan. 12.
From Vancouver:
Indefinite.
For Vancouver:
Makura, Jan. 8.

Honolulu Star-Bulletin

3:30
Edition

Evening Bulletin, Est. 1882, No. 6059
Hawaiian Star, Vol. XXII, No. 7098

12 PAGES.—HONOLULU, TERRITORY OF HAWAII, TUESDAY, JANUARY 12, 1915.—12 PAGES.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

TURKEY GRANTS ITALIAN DEMANDS IN CRISIS

HARBOR BOARD VETOES BOCKUS PIER PROJECT

Commission Adopts Special
Committee Report Against
Amusement Structure

RECOMMENDS REMOVAL
OF PRESENT PRIVATE PIERS

Urges, However, That One Be
Put Up West of Fort
de Russy

The harbor commission this morning by unanimous vote denied C. G. Bockus's request for the privilege of erecting his proposed \$100,000 amusement pier at Waikiki beach, adjacent to the Moana Hotel. The reasons for denying it are such that, evidently to be consistent, the board also has authorized Chairman C. R. Forbes to take steps toward the removal of the Moana Hotel's pier and the one in front of the J. B. Castle residence.

At the same time the board announced that it will encourage the construction of piers at any point west of Fort de Russy as far as the present location of the National Guard rifle range. This action was taken by the adoption of the report of the special committee, consisting of T. M. Church, chairman; E. E. Dodge and James Wakefield. The committee's recommendations are as follows:

"1. That the application to erect an 'Amusement Pier' at Waikiki from the public right of way (situated between the Moana Hotel and the residence of Mr. Frank Huestace) be refused for the following reasons:

"a. A pier structure run out seawards at the location proposed would vitally injure the sport of surf riding which is one of the principal attractions of Waikiki.

"b. Would interfere with the lawful pleasure and public rights which citizens of Honolulu and visitors to Hawaii have long enjoyed.

"c. Would adversely affect the adjoining property owners whose rights as taxpayers and citizens must receive recognition and consideration.

"2. That no permit be granted to construct any pier from the beach line seaward between Diamond Head point and eastern boundary of Fort de Russy.

Conditions for Permits.

"3. That permits to construct 'Amusement Piers' at any point west of Fort de Russy, and up to the rifle range be issued subject to the following conditions:

"a. That proper sanitation be provided.

"b. That the sale of alcoholic liquors be prohibited thereon.

"c. That adequate bonds be furnished to territory to provide for the removal of the structure and its foundations should same become dilapidated, unsafe or a nuisance.

"d. That all plans and specifications be submitted to the board of harbor commissioners for their inspection and approval before a permit to construct be granted.

"4. That necessary steps be taken to arrange for the removal of the unsightly and dilapidated pier foundations and diving stand in front of the property owned by Mr. J. B. Castle, also the pier running out from the Moana Hotel.

"5. That steps be taken to secure a rapid continuance of the dredging in front of the Ala Moana, and that plans be made to have this dredging cover as large a surface area as funds available will permit."

Substitute Proposal.
Discussing the entire amusement pier proposition somewhat more informally, the committee tendered to the commission, together with its recommendations, the following communication:

"Your committee appointed to investigate and report on the application of Mr. C. G. Bockus for permission to erect an 'Amusement Pier' at Waikiki, the land end of the proposed pier to be located on the public right of way situated between the Moana Hotel and the residence of Mr. Frank Huestace.

"We have given careful consideration to the whole beach front from Honolulu harbor to Diamond Head point, and the recommendations made are from what we believe to be a broad public standpoint; and if our suggestions are adopted and carried out, we believe the largest public rights will be protected and preserved.

"We consider an 'Amusement Pier' in the right location and properly managed would be of service to the community, but we strongly urge that no

(Continued on page two)

IRON FENCE
IRON SETTEES, VASES AND
RAILINGS.
H. E. HENDRICK, LTD.,
Merchant and Alakea Sts.

REPORT GERMAN AIRMEN RAID DUNKIRK AND DO WIDESPREAD DESTRUCTION

[Associated Press by Federal Wireless]
LONDON, Eng., Jan. 12.—A wireless message from Berlin says that Rotterdam reports that German airships on Sunday destroyed the military establishments and electric lighting plant of Dunkirk.

ITALIAN PAPER ANGRY AT GERMAN TREATMENT OF BELGIAN CARDINAL

[Associated Press by Federal Wireless]
ROME, Italy, Jan. 12.—The Tribuna declares today that the German denial of Cardinal Mercier's arrest in Belgium is only technically true. It says that the eminent prelate was not physically arrested but nevertheless was placed under custody within the palace. The German military government, realizing the world-wide criticism that its act would cause, withdrew the sentinel who had been guarding the cardinal. The Tribuna says that an act of violence against the prime minister of Belgium was committed, notwithstanding.

MANY CAPITALISTS FOUND GUILTY OF NEW YORK ACCIDENT

[Associated Press by Federal Wireless]
NEW YORK, N. Y., Jan. 12.—A coroner's jury investigating two deaths in the recent elevated railroad collision today found the entire board of directors of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company guilty of criminal negligence. The directorate includes Cornelius Vanderbilt, August Belmont, Theodore Shonts and other men notable in the business and social life of the metropolis.

JAILER JULIUS ASCH IS ILL IN SANATORIUM; RECOVERY IS DOUBTED

Julius Asch, city and county jailer, for years a resident of the islands and identified with business interests in Honolulu, is critically ill at the Pacific Sanatorium. He is suffering from a complication of ailments.

Mr. Asch's condition today was such that his physicians expressed but little hope for the recovery of the patient. Mr. Asch is 68 years old and is the father of Deputy Sheriff Jules Asch.

YAMAMOTO SENTENCED TO TWO YEARS IN JAIL

C. Yamamoto, charged with obtaining a sum of money from a number of Japanese professional and businessmen under false pretenses, this morning was sentenced to two years' imprisonment at the city and county jail.

Yamamoto was arrested after he had received money totaling several hundred dollars, which he alleged to the contributors would be used to defray his expenses in the islands while on a secret mission for the Japanese government. The police say Yamamoto has a previous conviction lodged against his name. The Japanese offered no defense when arraigned before District Magistrate Monsarrat.

PAVAO CASE GOES TO JURY THIS AFTERNOON

The case of Manuel M. Pavao, charged with a statutory offense, was expected to go to the jury in the federal court late this afternoon. The prosecution rested its case this morning, after which argument was begun. The trial commenced a week ago.

G. HANSEN, HEAD LUNA OF KEKAHA PLANTATION, DIES

News was received today by J. F. C. Hagedorn of Hagedorn & Co., agents for the Kekaha plantation on Kauai, of the death of G. Hansen, head overseer of the plantation. Mr. Hansen had been seriously ill for some time. He had been head overseer of the plantation for many years and on a number of occasions served as acting manager when H. D. Faye was away. He was about 40 years old.

DEFENDANTS FREED.

United States District Attorney Jeff McCann this afternoon entered nolle prosequi proceedings in the case of Mrs. Alvira C. Field and Joseph Enos, charged with a statutory offense. The motion was allowed and the defendants discharged.

RODRIGUES CONVICTED.

John Rodrigues was convicted by the jury in Circuit Judge Ashford's court this morning of assault and battery with a deadly weapon, and the court sentenced him to serve three years in Oahu prison.

To complete a cargo of sugar at island ports the American-Hawaiian freighter Arizona left Honolulu last night. The Arizona is scheduled to depart from Hilo for New York by the way of Panama Canal about January 17.

REFUGEE DEPICTS SIEGE OF GERMAN PORTS IN ORIENT

Force of 2000 In Tsingtau Held
Out for Weeks Against an
Army of 34,000

HOSPITALS BOMBARDED,
SAYS RED CROSS DOCTOR

Lived in Cellars Eight Days Under
Fire That Tore Roofs
From Houses

How the combined Japanese, East Indian and English army trenched and retrenched, bombarded, besieged and otherwise assisted in the total destruction of Tsingtau and Kiaochau in the belief that they were battling against a much larger garrison, was related last night to the Star-Bulletin by a member of the German refugee party on board the Pacific Mail liner Korea. The party, numbering 70 men and women, boarded the vessel at Hong Kong, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama, and will cross the United States to New York and thence go by steamer to Germany. Many of them are members of the German Red Cross. Others were merchants of Tsingtau and Kiaochau and still others are German soldiers released by Japan. Although all members of the party had been cautioned against giving out any information concerning the fall of Tsingtau and Kiaochau, one of the Red Cross doctors finally consented to give out the story to the Star-Bulletin.

At his request his name is withheld inasmuch as it is a violation of the Red Cross rules and against orders received previous to sailing. Following is his narrative:

"When Japan issued her ultimatum to Germany concerning Kiaochau and Tsingtau, myself and others in this party were stationed as members of the German Red Cross at the Tsingtau garrison. We did not expect immediate action, however, although the fall of the city was expected many weeks before it actually occurred.

Shells begin to fall.

"The bad weather made quick movement of the Allies impossible and it was not until 12 days before the surrender that shells began to fall about the cities. For several days before, however, the Allies had been entrenching about the cities. Their army numbered about 32,000 Japanese, 1000 English and 1000 Indian infantry and artillerymen.

"After they started bombarding they moved cautiously and the fire was not steady for the following four days. In the meantime they kept undermining the ground and tunneling toward our breastworks. The final eight days were days I shall never forget. The shells just darkened the cities day and night and everyone took to cellars. I was nearly killed myself once when I remained on the first floor of a house and a shell took off the roof.

"Kiaochau is built on the side of a hill facing the sea and the houses near the bottom of the hill were totally destroyed, while many of those farther up the slope were destroyed and other partly knocked away by the shells. The Japanese did not appear to care whether their shells struck the garrison or whether they struck the residences in the town.

"Move the Hospitals!"
"For a time our hospitals were being shelled and I sent word to the Japanese that they were firing on our hospitals. The answer we got was: 'If our shells are striking your hospitals, move the hospitals.' We did as advised, it being the only thing to do and from then on we kept the wounded in cellars.

"On November 6 the light got to close quarters. I saw 17 of our men, including a lieutenant who was a close friend, killed by Japanese armed with sharp, curved knives. The following morning, November 7, at 6 o'clock, we surrendered. The Germans were standing in the river with the water up to their arm-pits, the perspiration just pouring from their faces. They were fatigued. Imagine the surprise of the Japanese when they discovered that our total garrison had been only 2500 soldiers.

Looting Is Charged.

"That day was a day of robbery. The Japanese soldiers plundered the town. They forced rings from the fingers of the women and stole other valuable articles. The next day, however, the Japanese officers appeared to get control over the soldiers and the robbing stopped. We removed the wounded to the Hotel Prince Henry and converted the latter place into a hospital. The merchants and members of the Red Cross were allowed to go at will but the soldiers were taken to Japan.

"Some of the prisoners who were so wounded that they cannot reject the German army and others who were exchanged, or for other reasons set free by the Japanese, will return by the next Pacific Mail liner and will pass through Honolulu."

The Korea sailed at 10 o'clock this morning, taking with her the refugee party to San Francisco.

URGE CHANGES IN INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL CONTROL

Grand Jurymen In Report to
Circuit Judge Say Commis-
sion Should be Created

INVESTIGATION OF TWO
INSTITUTIONS IS MADE

Management of Girls' School
By Miss Sterritt Praised and
Boys' School Commended



E. A. Berndt, chairman of special committee of territorial grand jury which investigated industrial schools.

A drastic change in the present system of handling the public industrial schools is urged by the territorial grand jury of 1914, which has just completed its labors. This jury, in a report submitted to Circuit Judge Ashford last week, advised that the legislature create a commission or board

(Continued on page two)

NILE FOUNDERS; PASSENGERS AND CREW ALL SAVED

Steamship Strikes Japanese
Reef and Soon Sinks; Had
Been Used for Troops

KOBE, Japan, Jan. 12.—The passengers and crew of the liner Nile, which was commandeered to carry troops for Britain, have been safely landed. The Nile struck the Iwojima reef in a heavy storm and soon foundered.

The Nile, owned by the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, retaining its British registry, paid its initial visit to Honolulu on March 16, 1912, the vessel coming from Hongkong by the way of Japanese ports after having passed from the Royal Mail Steamship Company.

It was a steel-built vessel with three masts and two funnels, going into service in 1893 between the United Kingdom and the west coast of South America. The vessel had accommodation for 215 first, 38 second-class and 368 Asiatic steerage passengers. While listed in the regular trans-Pacific service maintained by the Pacific Mail, three well-known skippers succeeded to the command of the vessel, Capt. F. Eccleston brought the liner from London to Hongkong and then to San Francisco. Later Capt. George Lapraik remained with the vessel for more than two years.

During the last voyages of the Nile, Captain Lockett was in command. The vessel was a welcome addition to the intermediate service inaugurated by the Pacific Mail, which is now handled by the Persia and the China. The Nile passed through Honolulu the early part of August and, upon reaching Hongkong, was soon despatched to London with recruits.

Garibaldi's Grandson Honored in Death

[Associated Press Service by Federal Wireless]
ROME, Italy, Jan. 12.—With a fervent public demonstration, Italy today patriotically welcomed the body of Garibaldi, grandson of the great liberator, killed fighting the Germans. The bier as it arrived in Rome was wrapped in French and Italian flags. The French ambassador and two French colonels representing the army were present.

DIVORCE CASES MUST BE TRIED IN OPEN COURT

Supreme Court in Emphatic
Decision Criticizes Action of
Former Judge Kingsbury

REVERSES CASE IN
WHICH HE WAS ACTIVE

Says Jurist Was Not at Liberty
to Disregard Plain Statute
on Matter

The territorial supreme court handed down a significant decision this afternoon in the divorce suit of John Makahio against Kaleicnehu Makahio, one of the cases in which Circuit Judge S. B. Kingsbury was brought "under fire" last year at the time he was being urged for reappointment to the bench on Maui.

The supreme court not only reverses Judge Kingsbury's decision, which granted the separation to the wife, or libel, and remands the cause for rehearing, but sharply comments on Judge Kingsbury's action in taking testimony behind closed doors.

"Under section 2229, Revised Laws, providing that no divorce case shall be heard except openly in the public courtrooms," says the supreme court in its syllabus, "while it may in certain cases be proper to exclude from the courtroom persons of immature years, the circuit judge has no power to hear a case except openly in the public courtroom and the taking of testimony by the judge in his private chambers behind closed doors is error for which the case must be reversed."

The supreme court opinion is written by Chief Justice A. G. M. Robertson, Associate Justice A. M. Watson and Acting Associate Justice C. W. Ashford concurring. In reviewing the

(Continued on page two)

WOMEN'S VOTE TO BE DEBATED BY THE HOUSE

[Associated Press by Fed. Wireless]
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 12.—The house today adopted, by a vote of 209 to 31, a special rule authorizing consideration of the proposed constitutional amendment for woman's suffrage. Six hours will be given to debate before the vote takes place.

WILSON THINKS OF HISTORY, NOT OF SECOND TERM

[Associated Press by Fed. Wireless]
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 12.—President Wilson declared today that he was not considering his possible candidacy for president in 1916 when he asserted in his recent speech at Indianapolis that the people might later have a chance to judge his acts. He said he had history in mind.

PRESIDENT MAY VETO BILL IF TEST RETAINED

[Associated Press by Fed. Wireless]
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 12.—President Wilson today intimated that he will veto the new immigration bill if the clause imposing a "literacy test" on all immigrants is retained. The bill has passed both houses and is now in conference.

BRITAIN, RUSSIA AND GERMANY BUILDING UP HUGE RESERVE ARMIES

Teutons Taking Command Of Austrians and Turkish

KAISER'S GENERALS PREPARING GREAT COUNTER-ATTACK
TO MEET EXPECTED SMASHING DRIVE OF ALLIES IN
SPRING—ITALY NEARER ENTRY INTO WAR ARENA THAN
EVER BEFORE, ALBANIANS CAUSING TROUBLE—GER-
MANY SAID TO BE DESPATCHING ELEVEN CORPS TO
STIFFEN AUSTRIA—OFFICIAL BULLETIN INDICATES
TEUTONS WINNING SOME OF GROUND LOST IN ALSACE

[Associated Press Service by Federal Wireless]

LONDON, England, Jan. 12.—Special despatches to Rome bring the news that Turkey has agreed to the Italian demands and that a satisfactory adjustment of the difficulties between them is expected.

ATHENS, Greece, Jan. 12.—Albanian insurgents have occupied the Ritspol heights, commanding Durazzo. The heights were recently occupied by the Italian marines and soldiers landed in Albania. The Albanians and the Italians have clashed and are now opposing each other.

Britain and Germany Massing Troops for Great Clash Expected in Spring

LONDON, England, Jan. 12.—Britain is sending thousands of recruits to the battle-zone in France and Flanders every week in preparation for the smashing attack planned for some time this spring.

Germany is well-informed, it is known, as to the movements of the British troops and is preparing a great counter movement, calling upon all her reserves.

No serious alteration of the present battle-line on the west is expected before spring.

Berlin Bulletin Declares French Lose Heavily in Alsace and Argonne

BERLIN, Germany, Jan. 12.—The German official bulletin today reveals the fact that there is severe fighting south of Sennheim, Alsace. The French everywhere, the bulletin states, have been repulsed with heavy loss. In the forest of Argonne the Germans are declared to have captured seven officers and 16,000 men in the last five days. It is stated that they stormed a French position on the ancient Roman highway through the woods.

The bulletin says that the Russian offensive movement in northern Poland has been checked.

PARIS, France, Jan. 12.—The official bulletin today shows nothing important. Many artillery engagements and some infantry charges, in which the French claim minor successes, are recorded. It is still snowing in the Vosges country, making operations difficult.

German Generals Sent to Direct Campaigns of Austria and Turkey

LONDON, England, Jan. 12.—German generals are constantly assuming more active direction of the Austrian fight against Serbia and Russia, and of the Turkish fight against Russia.

Germany Said to be Stiffening Austria

PETROGRAD, Russia, Jan. 12.—It is reported here that Germany is despatching eleven army corps to stiffen the Austrian forces in the campaign against Serbia and to help fight the Russians overrunning Galicia.

The German troops in Poland are also increasing. Russia is preparing to meet the new offensive with reinforcements and strong bodies of reserves.

King Albert Digs in Trenches

LONDON, England, Jan. 12.—A Belgian soldier writes from the front to his family here that King Albert of Belgium spent several hours on Sunday with a pick and shovel digging in the trenches like any private. The king and his staff were passing along the lines when they saw a tired gang of trench-diggers and the king immediately proposed that he and his staff relieve them while the diggers rested.